

Operational Procedural Guidelines In the use of BODYWORN CCTV CAMERAS

1. INTRODUCTION

- This document sets out Totton and Eling Town Council's Policy and Procedural Guidelines for the use of Body-worn CCTV cameras by the Community Safety Officer (Enforcement) and any other authorised Council Officer within the Town's boundary.
- It will enable employees to comply with relevant legislation relating to video recording and outline the associated benefits to all Community Safety (Enforcement) Officers, any other authorised Council Officers and the general public. It also documents best practice procedures with regard to integrity of data, images and video as well as its security and use.
- The use of Body-worn CCTV can provide a number of benefits which include a
 deterrent to acts of aggression or verbal and physical abuse toward the Enforcement
 Officers and any other authorised Council Officer, in addition to providing evidence
 to support internal or Police investigations.
- Body-worn CCTV forms part of a Community Safety (Enforcement) Officers' and any
 other authorised Council Officer Personal Protective Equipment and is provided
 solely for Health and Safety purposes. It will be used in an overt manner and
 reiterated by Officer's wearing clear identification that denotes it is a CCTV device.
- Prior to commencement of any recording Community Safety Officers (Enforcement)
 and any other authorised Council Officer will give a clear verbal instruction that
 recording is taking place or is about to commence.
- Body-worn CCTV will not be used to gather evidence for Enforcement purposes nor will it be used as a tool to assist in the ad-hoc monitoring of staff.

2. LEGISLATION & STATUTORY GUIDANCE

2.1 INTEGRITY

- The integrity of any video data recorded will be considered in accordance with the following Legislation and Statutory Guidance forming part and including –
 - **❖** Data Protection Act 1998
 - Freedom of Information Act 2000
 - Human Rights Act 1998
 - **❖** Protection of Freedoms Act 2012
 - **❖** Home Office Surveillance Camera Code of Practice
 - Information Commissioners Code of Practice

2.2 DATA PROTECTION ACT

- The Information Commissioner's Office is the regulator for the Act and has given guidance with regard to Community Safety (Enforcement) Officers and any other authorised Council Officer's use of Body-worn CCTV equipment.
- This Legislation regulates the processing of 'personal data' or 'sensitive personal data' whether processed on computer, CCTV, still camera or any other media.
- Any recorded image that is aimed at or may identify a particular person is described as 'personal data' and covered by this Act and will include images and audio captured using Bodyworn equipment.
- The use of Body-worn CCTV in this guidance is 'overt use' meaning that equipment is not to be worn or used in a hidden or covert manner.
- Where an individual asks to view footage this is called a 'Subject Access Request'.
 The requester is only allowed to see footage of themselves and anyone who has provided consent for their images to be viewed by them.

2.3 FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT 2000

- This Act grants a general right of access to information held by public bodies, which is not personal data.
- Information released under FOI can include statistical and other non-personal information.

2.4 HUMAN RIGHTS ACT 1998

- Article 6 HRA 1998 provides for the right to a fair trial. All images captured through the use of a Body-worn device have the potential for use in court proceedings and must be safeguarded by an audit trail in the same way as any other evidence.
- Article 8 HRA 1998 concerns the right for private and family life, home and correspondence. Recordings of persons in a public place are only public for those present at the time and can still be regarded as potentially private.
- Any recorded conversation between members of the public should always be considered private and users of Body-worn equipment should not record beyond what is necessary when recording a confrontational situation.
- The Council will further ensure that the use of Body-worn CCTV is reiterated by the Community Safety (Enforcement) Officer and any other authorised Council Officer wearing it in a prominent position (normally on their chest) and that it is in a forward facing display is visible to anyone being recorded.
- Additionally, the Community Officer and any other authorised Council Officer will
 wear identification that it is a <u>CCTV device</u> and make a verbal announcement prior to
 commencement of any recording.

2.5 PROTECTION OF FREEDOM INFORMATION ACT 2000

- Part 2 creates new regulation for, and instructs the Secretary of State to prepare a code of practice towards, closed-circuit television and automatic number plate recognition.
- Chapter 1 gives the full regulatory legislation of CCTV and other surveillance camera technology which relates to a Code of Practice and interpretations.

2.6 HOME OFFICE SURVEILLANCE CAMERA CODE OF PRACTICE

- The integrity of any video data recorded will be considered in accordance with this Statutory Guidance.
- The Home Office is the regulator for this guidance with regard to Community Safety
 Officers and any other authorised Council Officer's use of Body-worn CCTV
 equipment.

• This guidance is centred around "12 Guiding Principles" which Totton and Eling Town Council will adopt and adhere to at all times.

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/circular-0112013

2.7 INFORMATION COMMISSIONERS CODE OF PRACTICE

- The Information Commissioners Code of Practice is the Statutory Guidance issued that runs in conjunction with the Surveillance Code of Practice issued with regard to the officer's use of Body-worn CCTV equipment.
- The Surveillance Camera Commissioner can be contacted at: -SCC@homeoffice.gsi.gov.uk.

3. ON STREET OPERATIONAL GUIDANCE AND BEST PRACTICE

3.1 TRAINING

- All Community Safety Officers and any other authorised Council Officer will receive full training in the use of Body-worn CCTV.
- This training will include practical use of equipment, on street operational guidance and best practice, when to commence and cease recording and the legal implications of using such equipment.
- Additionally, the Community Safety Officer and any other authorised Council Officer shall receive ongoing refresher training in 'Conflict Awareness and Management'.

3.2 DAILY USE

- Body-worn CCTV will only be used in the event that a Community Safety Officer and any other authorised Council Officer finds themselves in a confrontational situation where they are subject to, or feel that they are likely to be subject to, verbal or physical abuse.
- Recordings will not commence until the Community Safety Officer and any other authorised Council Officer has issued a verbal warning of their intention to turn on the Body-worn device.
- Recordings will not be made whilst performing normal patrolling/working duties however for the gathering of any evidence related to all criminal activity it may be used.
- All recordings will be held within a specifically designed controlled and secure database.

 Access to recordings will be restricted to authorised personnel in the Community Safety Team and or Senior Managers responsible for administration of the Council.

3.3 START OF SHIFT PROCEDURE

- The Community Safety (Enforcement) Officer and any other authorised Council Officer will be issued with individual own Body-worn CCTV device.
- At the commencement of each shift the Officer will ensure that the unit is fully functioning and that it has been cleared of all previous recordings.
- The check will also include verifying that the unit is fully charged and that the date and time displayed is correct.

3.4 RECORDING

- Recording must be incident specific and be related to the incident.
- The Community Safety (Enforcement) Officer and any other authorised Council Officer must not indiscriminately record entire duties, patrols or FPN issue processes and must only use recording to capture video and audio at specific incidents.

For the purposes of this guidance an 'incident' is defined as:

- An engagement with a member of the public which, in the opinion of the Community Safety (Enforcement) Officer and any other authorised Council Officer, is confrontational and where the Officer believes that they may be subject to physical or verbal abuse or
- Where the Community Safety (Enforcement) Officer and any other authorised Council Officer is approached by a member of the public in a manner perceived as aggressive or threatening.
- At the commencement of any recording, the Community Safety (Enforcement)
 Officer and any other authorised Council Officer should, where practicable, make a
 verbal announcement to indicate why recording has been activated and where
 possible this should include the date, time and location together with confirmation
 that the incident is being recorded using video and audio.
- The purpose of issuing a verbal warning is to allow a member of the public to modify what would otherwise be regarded as unacceptable confrontational or aggressive and threatening behaviour.

- If, at any time during an incident the Community Safety (Enforcement) Officer and any other authorised Council Officer considers that the use of Body-worn CCTV or the issuing of a verbal warning is likely to inflame a confrontational situation the Officer may use discretion to disengage from further discussion and withdraw from the incident.
- A standard specific form of words to be used in any warning to a member of the
 public has not been prescribed, but Community Safety (Enforcement) Officer and
 any other authorised Council Officer should use straightforward speech that can be
 easily understood by those present such as:
- "Sir / Madam, as part of our policy I would like to inform you that I will be recording this conversation"

3.5 PLAYBACK

- The Community Safety (Enforcement) Officer and any other authorised Council
 Officer will need to be fully aware of the legal implications once digital images and
 audio have been recorded.
- To this end Playback should only be at the request of a **Police Officer** attending the incident.
- Any request to view captured video by a member of the public will need to be made in writing to Totton and Eling Town Council in line with the 'subject access procedure'.
- Evidence of identity prior to viewing must also be provided.

3.6 END OF SHIFT

- The Community Safety (Enforcement) Officer and any other authorised Council Officer should ensure that any CCTV footage required for evidential purposes has been correctly bookmarked and that any Incident Reports have been completed.
- It will be the responsibility of the Community Safety Officer and any other authorised Council Officer to ensure that their Body-worn device is placed on charge at the end of their shift.

3.7 STORAGE OF DATA

 All recorded footage will be uploaded to the Body-worn camera software by the Officer.

- The Officer on duty will ensure that any footage to be retained has been correctly bookmarked and that supporting Incident Reports have been completed.
- For Incidents where the Police have not been in attendance, the Executive Officer or Town Clerk will review the recording and a decision made on whether referral to the Police is appropriate.
- The Executive Officer will then transfer the data to a secure hard drive within the software and complete the Information Asset Log.
- All retained data will be kept until all investigations have been completed or prosecution has taken place before deletion.
- All data not required for evidential purposes will be deleted after upload as part of the software's standard filing and deletion set up.

3.8 TRANSFER OF DATA

- Any footage requested by Hampshire Police as part of their investigation will be burnt to disc, labelled as an official exhibit and handed to them.
- Once in their possession the disc will fall under the Hampshire Police Policy and Guidelines for Data Protection of the Constabulary.
- Details of this process and any relevant information i.e. PC name or collar number, date, time etc will be logged within the camera software so there is a full audit trail.







www.totton-and-eling-tc.gov.uk

Community Safety Team

Tel: 02380 424 014 Mob: 07584 166 107